



- · Designed for 319.508 MHz MICs Transmitters
- · Very Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)
- Tape and Reel Standard per ANSI/EIA-481
- Moisture Sensitivity Level: 1

The RO3316E is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 319.508 MHz.

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation (See: Typical Test Circuit)	+0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Terminals (Observe ESD precautions)	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum)	260	°C

# **RO3316E**

# 319.508 MHz SAW Resonator



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency, +25 °C		f <sub>C</sub>		319.433	319.508	319.583	MHz
	Tolerance from 319.508 MHz	$\Delta f_{C}$				±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL			1.6	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	50 Ω Loaded Q	$Q_L$			3400		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T <sub>O</sub>		15	25	35	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f <sub>O</sub>			f <sub>C</sub>		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C <sup>2</sup>
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f <sub>A</sub>			≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals				1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	$R_{M}$			20.2	25.9	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>			216.33		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C <sub>M</sub>			1.147		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co			1.85	2.05	pF
Lid Symbolization (Y = Year, WW = Week, S = Shift))			•	•	8B, <u>YWWS</u>	•	•

# W.

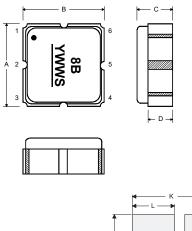
# CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. NOTES:

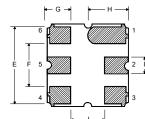
- 1. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change.
- 2. US or International patents may apply.
- 3. RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

#### **Electrical Connections**

The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

Pin	Connection		
1	NC		
2	Terminal		
3	NC		
4	NC		
5	Terminal		
6	NC		

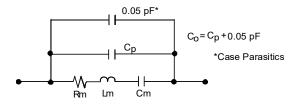




## **Case and Typical PCB Land Dimensions**

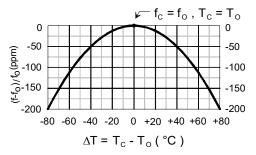
Ref	mm			Inches			
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	2.87	3.00	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123	
В	2.87	3.00	3.13	0.113	0.118	0.123	
С	1.12	1.25	1.38	0.044	0.049	0.054	
D	0.77	0.90	1.03	0.030	0.035	0.040	
E	2.67	2.80	2.93	0.105	0.110	0.115	
F	1.47	1.60	1.73	0.058	0.063	0.068	
G	0.72	0.85	0.98	0.028	0.033	0.038	
Н	1.37	1.50	1.63	0.054	0.059	0.064	
ı	0.47	0.60	0.73	0.019	0.024	0.029	
J	1.17	1.30	1.43	0.046	0.051	0.056	
K		3.20			0.126		
L		1.70			0.067		
М		1.05			0.041		
N		0.81			0.032		
0		0.38			0.015		

#### **Equivalent RLC Model**

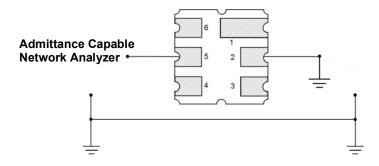


### **Temperature Characteristics**

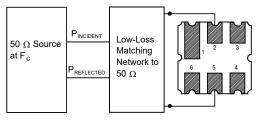
The curve shown accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include external LC component temperature effects.



#### **Characterization Test Circuit**

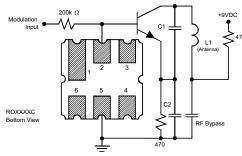


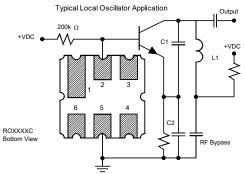
# **Power Dissipation Test**



# **Example Application Circuits**

Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application





### **Recommended Reflow Profile**

- 1. Preheating shall be fixed at 150~180°C for 60~90 seconds.
- 2. Ascending time to preheating temperature 150°C shall be 30 seconds min.
- 3. Heating shall be fixed at 220°C for 50~80 seconds and at 260°C +0/-5°C peak (10 seconds).
- 4. Time: 5 times maximum.

